

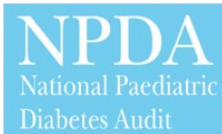


## Paediatric Diabetes Audit

	Metric	CQC Key Question	2015/16 Report <sup>1</sup>	2016/17 Report <sup>2</sup>	National Aggregate (England & Wales)	National Aspirational Standard	Comparison to other units	
	N/A	Case ascertainment	Well Led	Not reported for this audit	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Process measures	73 cases	Crude proportion of patients 12+ receiving all key care processes annually	Effective	Not reported	82.00%	84.01%	N/A	 <p>47.5% <span style="margin-left: 150px;">99.6%</span></p> <p>Within Expected Range</p>
	124 cases	<b>Organisation compared with nationally:</b> Case-mix adjusted mean HbA1c (mmol/mol)	Effective	Not outlier	67.38	67.30	N/A	 <p>54.0 <span style="margin-left: 150px;">75.6</span></p> <p>Within Expected Range</p>
Blood glucose diabetes control (HbA1c)	126 cases	<b>Organisational performance compared between years:</b> Median HbA1c (mmol/mol)	Effective	62.00	61.75	64.00	N/A	<p>This metric is provided to compare year on year changes within the unit rather than comparison with national figures.</p> <p>No Significant Change</p>
		A change of more than 1 mmol/mol is deemed by the audit body to be indicative of a clinically significant change.						

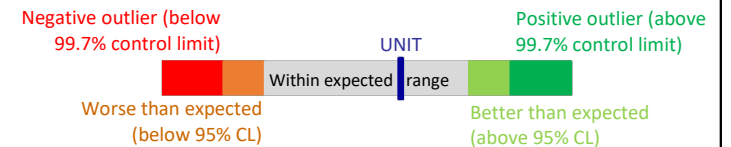


HbA1c levels are an indicator of how well an individual's blood glucose levels are controlled over time. Higher values indicate poorer control.

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