

| Metric | CQC Key Question | Oct 2018 and Mar 2019 | National Aggregate (England & Wales) | National Aspirational Standard | Comparison to other hospitals | |
|-----------|--|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|
| 382 Cases | Case ascertainment | Well-led | Not yet available | Not yet available | | |
| 382 Cases | Percentage of patients seen by a member of the respiratory team within 24hrs of admission | Responsive | 63.60% | 59.5% | 60.0%* Better than national aggregate | ▲ |
| 237 Cases | Percentage of patients receiving oxygen in which this was prescribed to a stipulated target oxygen saturation (SpO2) range (of 88-92% or 94-98%) | Effective | 99.60% | 99.3% | 100.0%† Better than national aggregate | ▲ |
| 51 Cases | Percentage of patients receiving non invasive ventilation (NIV) within the first 24 hours of arrival who do so within 3 hours of arrival | Effective | 17.60% | 23.1% | 31.9%† Worse than national aggregate | ● |
| 170 Cases | Percentage of documented current smokers prescribed smoking-cessation pharmacotherapy | Responsive | 72.40% | 50.0% | 63.6%† Better than national aggregate | ▲ |
| 382 Cases | Percentage of patients for whom a British Thoracic Society, or equivalent, discharge bundle was completed for the admission | Responsive | 64.40% | 77.1% | 60.0%* Worse than national aggregate | ● |
| 382 Cases | Percentage of patients with spirometry confirming FEV1/FVC ratio <0.7 recorded in case file | Effective | 76.20% | 44.4% | 60.3%† Better than national aggregate | ▲ |



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